[information forwarded from Anne-Elise]

Those holding Federal or State public office, county or municipal office, under the legislative, executive or judicial branch, including court officials, judges, prosecutors, law enforcement department employees, officers of the court, etc., **before** entering these public offices, are required by the Constitution of the United States and federal statutory law to comply with 5 U.S.C. § 3331, “Oath of office.” State Officials are also required to meet this same obligation, according to State Constitutions and State statutory law.

**All** **oaths of office** come under 22 CFR (Foreign Relations) §§ 92.12-92.30, and all who hold public office come under Title 8 U.S.C. § 1481 “Loss of nationality by native-born or naturalized citizen; voluntary action; burden of proof; presumptions.”

Under 22 U.S.C. (Foreign Relations and Intercourse) § 611, a Public Official is considered a foreign agent. In order to hold public office, the candidate must file a true and complete registration statement with the State Attorney General as an agent of a foreign principal.

https://www.fara.gov/

The Oath of Office requires the public official in his / her foreign state capacity to uphold the constitutional form of government or face consequences.

In A. D. 1945, the United Nations was granted control of our public servants by Treaty without the Consent of the American People.

49 Stat. 3097; Treaty Series 881 **Convention on Rights and Duties of States**

1945 IOIA –by the **International Organizations Act** of December 29, 1945 (59 Stat. 669; 22 U.S.C. §§ 288 to 2886) the U.S. relinquished every office

**8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(14)**: The term “**foreign state**” **includes** outlying possessions of a foreign state, but **self-governing dominions** or territories under mandate or trusteeship **shall be** regarded as **separate foreign states**.

19 Corpus Juris Secundum § 883, [t]he United States government is a **foreign corporation** with respect to a state [also see: 28 U.S.C. § 3002(15)(A) and Uniform Commercial Code 9-307(h)].

All “public servants,” officials, congressmen, politicians, **judges**, **attorneys**, law enforcement officers, States and their various agencies, etc., are the express agents of these foreign principals - see **Foreign Agents Registration Act** of 1938 (FARA); 22 U.S.C. §§ 286 et seq, 263A, 185G, 267J, 611(C) (ii) & (iii); **Treasury Delegation Order No. 91** [Pursuant to Treasury Delegation Order No. 91, the **Internal Revenue Service** entered into a “Service Agreement” with the U.S. Treasury Department (See Public Law 94-564, Legislative History, pg. 5967, Reorganization (Bankruptcy!) Plan No. 26) and the Agency for International Development. This agency is an international paramilitary operation and according to the Department of the Army Field manual (1969) 41-10, pg. 1-4, §§ 1-7 (b) & 1-6, 1-10(7)(c)(1), and 22 U.S.C.A. § 284, includes such activities as, “Assumption of full or partial executive, legislative, and judicial authority over a country or area.”]

The IRS **is not** what you think it is. IRS agents are neither trained nor paid by the United States Government.

Pursuant to Treasury Delegation Order No. 92, the IRS is trained under the direction of the Division of Human Resources United Nations (U.N.) and the Commissioner (International), by the office of Personnel Management.

In the 1979 edition of 22 U.S.C.A. § 278, “The United Nations”, you will find Executive Order 10422. The Office of Personnel Management is under the direction of the Secretary of the United Nations.

The IRS is also an agency/member of a 169-nation pact called the International Criminal Police Organization (**INTERPOL**), found at 22 U.S.C.A. § 263a. The Memorandum of Understanding, (MOU), between the Secretary of Treasury, a.k.a. the corporate Governor of “The Fund” and “The Bank” (International Monetary Fund, and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development), indicated that the Attorney General and its associates are soliciting and collecting information for foreign principals; the international organizations, corporations, and associations, as specified in 22 U.S.C.A. § 286f.

According to the 1994 U.S. Government Manual, at page 390, the **Attorney General** is the permanent representative to INTERPOL, and the Secretary of Treasury is the alternate member. Under Article 30 of the INTERPOL constitution, these individuals **must** **expatriate** their citizenship.

They have no allegiance to the United States of America. The IRS officers and employees are paid by “The Fund” and “The Bank”. Thus, it appears from the documentary evidence that the Internal Revenue Service agents are “Agents of a Foreign Principal” within the meaning and intent of the “Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938” for private, not public, gain.

The IRS is directed and controlled by the corporate Governor of “The Fund” and “The Bank”. The Federal Reserve Bank and the IRS collection agency are both privately owned and operated under private statutes.   The IRS operates under public policy, not Constitutional Law, and acts in the interest of the United States’ foreign creditors, **not** in the interest the American People.

The Constitution only permits Congress to lay and collect taxes.  It **does not** authorize Congress to delegate the tax collection power to a private corporation, which collects our taxes for a private bank, the Federal Reserve, who then deposits it into the Treasury of the IMF.

The IRS is not allowed by law to state that they collect taxes for the United States Treasury. The letterhead on **all** IRS documents and paperwork only refers to the “**Department of the Treasury**”. [The foregoing information regarding the IRS is courtesy of the Family Guardian website - https://famguardian.org/]

Dunn and Bradstreet Number for the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT® - 052714196 signifying it is a private, for-profit, foreign municipal corporation.

The STATES are also foreign municipal corporations.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - 071549000; CITY OF LOS ANGELES – 159166271; COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - <http://www.dnb.com/duns-number/lookup.html>

Internal Revenue Service Form 4506a can be faxed to the IRS for a determination of status for each corporation. <https://www.irs.gov/forms-pubs/about-form-4506-a>

“It is a clearly established principle of law that an attorney must represent a corporation, it being incorporeal and a creature of the law. An attorney representing an artificial entity **must** appear with the corporate charter and law in his hand. A person acting as an attorney for a foreign principal must be registered to act on the principal’s behalf.” See, Foreign Agents Registration Act” (22 U.S.C. § 612 et seq.); *Victor Rabinowitzet, et al. v. Robert F. Kennedy*, 376 U.S. 605 (1964). “**Failure to file** the “Foreign Agent’s Registrations Statement” goes directly to the jurisdiction and lack of standing to be before the court; and, is a felony pursuant to **18 U.S.C. §§** **219** (officers and employees acting as agents of foreign principals), **951** (agents of foreign governments. The conflict of law, interest and allegiance is obvious.

No state legislator or executive or judicial officer can war against the Constitution without violating his undertaking to support it. Chief Justice Marshall spoke for a unanimous Court in saying that: “If the legislatures of the several states may, at will, annul the judgments of the courts of the United States, and destroy the rights acquired under those judgments, the constitution itself becomes a solemn mockery \* \* \*.” *United States v. Peters*, 9 U.S. 115 (1809).

Any Governor who asserts a power to nullify a federal court order is similarly restrained.